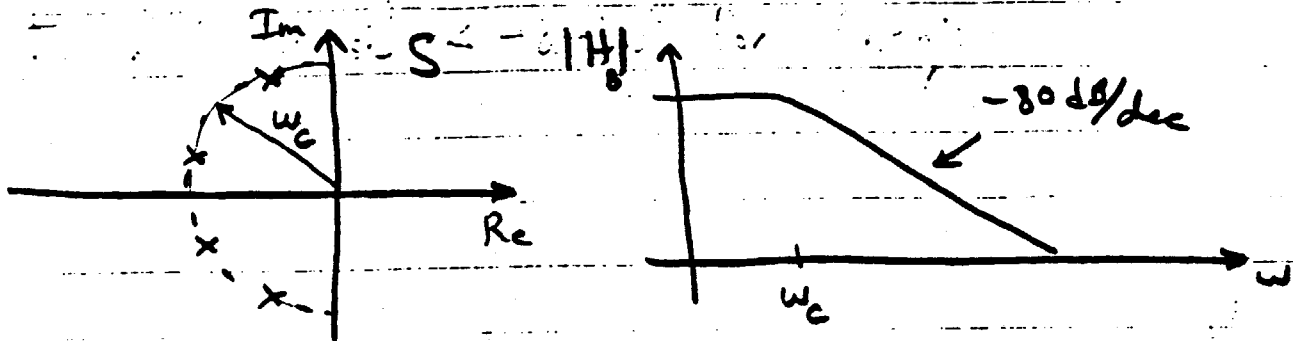


S to Z mapping example

EEC 212
P. Hurst

Start with Butterworth filter, 4th order

Want -3dB bandwidth = 3kHz = $\frac{\omega_c}{2\pi}$



$$|H(j\omega)| = \frac{1}{\left[1 + \left(\frac{\omega}{\omega_c}\right)^{2n}\right]^{\frac{1}{2}}} \quad \text{for } n^{\text{th}} \text{ order Butterworth LPF.}$$

$n=4$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow H(s) &= \frac{1}{\left(\frac{s}{\omega_c}\right)^4 + 2.613\left(\frac{s}{\omega_c}\right)^3 + 3.414\left(\frac{s}{\omega_c}\right)^2 + 2.613\left(\frac{s}{\omega_c}\right) + 1} \\ &= \underbrace{\left(\frac{s}{\omega_c}\right)^2 + 0.765\left(\frac{s}{\omega_c}\right) + 1}_{H_1(s)} \cdot \underbrace{\left(\frac{s}{\omega_c}\right)^2 + 1.848\left(\frac{s}{\omega_c}\right) + 1}_{H_2(s)} \end{aligned}$$

H_1, H_2 2nd order biguads

Ex: Take $H_1(s)$, change to $H_1(z)$ using
 bilinear Xform: i.e. $s \rightarrow \frac{2}{T_s} \frac{z-1}{z+1}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 H_1(z) &= \frac{\left(\frac{2}{\omega_c T_s} \frac{z-1}{z+1}\right)^2 + 0.765 \left(\frac{2}{\omega_c T_s} \frac{z-1}{z+1}\right) + 1}{\left(\frac{\omega_c T_s}{2}\right)^2 (z+1)^2} \\
 &= \frac{0.0022 (z^2 + 2z + 1)}{1.038 z^2 - 1.9956 z + 0.96625}
 \end{aligned}$$

selecting $T_s = \frac{1}{f_s} = \frac{1}{200 \text{ kHz}}$

and with $\omega_c = 2\pi f_c = 2\pi (3 \text{ kHz})$.

Can do the same for H_2 .

Implement $H_1(z)$ & $H_2(z)$ with
 standard S.C. biquadratic sections.